## Extract from 'The Council's Constitution' May 2024 Version

### Virement

A.1 **Full Council** is responsible for agreeing procedures for **Virement** of expenditure between **Budget** headings. The definition of a Virement is set out in Section 5 of the **Policy & Budget Framework** as follows:

Steps taken by the **Cabinet**, a **Cabinet Member**, a group of the Cabinet, or Officers, or **Joint Arrangements** to implement Council policy shall not exceed the budgets allocated to each relevant **Budget** head. However, such bodies or individuals shall be entitled to vire across Budget heads within such limits as shall be laid down in the **Financial Procedure Rules**. Beyond those limits, approval to any **Virement** across Budget heads shall require the approval of the **Full Council**.

A **Virement** is defined as where one or more **Budge**t(s) are reduced to fund an increase in another Budget(s). There is no net change in the total Budget agreed by Council arising from a Virement.

A.2 The table below sets out the approval level required based on the value of the **Virement**.

	Approval Level Required		
Value	Within a Budget Head	Between Budget Heads in same Directorate	Between Directorates
Between £0 - £4,999	Heads of Service	Heads of Service	Heads of Service
Between £5,000	Heads of	Strategic	Strategic Directors
and £24,999	Service and Strategic Directors	Directors and Portfolio Holder(s)	and <b>Portfolio</b> <b>Holder</b> (s)
Between £25,000 and £99,999	Strategic Directors and Portfolio Holder(s)	Strategic Directors and Portfolio Holder(s)	Strategic Directors and <b>Portfolio</b> <b>Holder</b> (s)
Between £100,000 and £249,999	Cabinet	Cabinet	Cabinet
£250,000 and over	Full Council	Full Council	Full Council

### Notes:

- 1. In all circumstances Virements require approval by the S151 Officer.
- 2. All relevant parties listed above must be in agreement.
- 3. Virements should not be artificially disaggregated.
- 4. Virement rules apply to capital and revenue.

# **Supplementary Estimates**

- A.3 A supplementary estimate is an addition to the Council's agreed **Budget**. Supplementary estimates can be one-offs, or recurring. In either case, supplementary estimates should only be considered after all other options, such as **Virements**, or savings, have been considered. Supplementary estimates include budgets fully funded by external grant or contribution.
- A.4 The table below sets out the approval level required based on the value of the supplementary estimates.

	Approval Level Required		
Value	Fully Externally Funded	Requires Council Funding	
Between £0 and £9,999	S151 Officer	S151 Officer	
Between £10,000 and £99,999	Head of Service [then reported to Cabinet at next meeting]	Cabinet	
Between £100,000 and £249,999	Cabinet	Cabinet	
£250,000 and over	Full Council	Full Council	

#### Notes:

- 1. In all circumstances Supplementary Estimates require approval by the S151 Officer.
- Council funding includes (but is not limited to) revenue budget, reserves, Section 106, capital receipts and borrowing. S151 Officer decision will undertaken an assessment.
- 3. Supplementary Estimates should not be artificially disaggregated.
- 4. Supplementary Estimates rules apply to capital and revenue.
- A.5 Where in exceptional or unexpected circumstances a Directorate is faced with a material increase in its net expenditure, which cannot reasonably be contained within its resource allocation figure for the year, the **Chief Executive** or **Strategic Directors** must (wherever possible, prior to incurring the expenditure) submit a request to **Cabinet** or **Council** for a supplementary estimate to cover the additional expenditure. The Cabinet or Council will also decide how the expenditure will be funded, e.g. from grant, revenue, reserve, loan or otherwise.